Plan your successful CMDB deployment

Achieve high-performing business services using a healthy CMDB

What's in this Success Playbook

Behind every successful <u>CMDB</u> deployment is a detailed configuration management plan for implementing, designing, and sustaining a configuration management capability. And when you take the time to develop a configuration management plan, the result is greater business service performance. This Success Playbook will help you:

- Articulate your goals
- Form a configuration management team
- Establish a governance structure
- Understand configuration item design
- Integrate with key business processes

Minimize outages, maximize savings

Unplanned outages can <u>cost millions</u> in just hours. With a robust configuration management capability, IT can reduce unplanned outage costs and directly enhance business outcomes. To do that, you need a strategic plan that establishes your maturity and trust with business owners.

Key takeaways

The most important things to know

- Have clear goals for your configuration management process and CMDB. A well-configured CMDB can help you manage service health, understand service consumption patterns, and calculate the cost of services—but you need to understand your most important business priorities to guide CMDB development.
- Start small and iterate. Build a solid inventory of CIs tied to specific use cases. If you find yourself populating your CMDB with items that don't tie back your business priorities or use cases, you're probably off track.

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The payoff of getting this right

A well-configured CMDB can save you as much as 40% in IT costs—and help you avoid the costs of unplanned outages.

What you need to get started

Prerequisites

You need a general knowledge of ITIL and of configuration management methodology. You also need to understand the features and functions supported by the CMDB.

Playbook overview

The four stages toward a healthy CMDB:

Stage 1 - Set your direction

Stage 2 – Build a team and a governance model

Stage 3 – Design your configuration plan

Stage 4 – Show your CMDB's value to other organizations

The takeaway - Manage service health

At the end of these stages, you'll see that the takeaway is your ability to manage service health better than ever. You will also be able to understand:

- The distinction between business services that offer a competitive advantage (and require investment) vs. those that are commoditized (and should be looked to for cost savings)
- Your technical debt and support risk profiles for services
- Consumption patterns for your services
- The technology architectures used to deliver your services
- The cost of your services, as well as your ability to deliver against SLAs

Stage 1 – Set your direction

Clear configuration management goals, objectives, and outcomes are the keys to designing a great configuration management capability that leads to a rock-solid CMDB.

Designing a great configuration management capability starts with clear configuration management goals, objectives, and outcomes. Make sure your configuration management efforts are aligned to your business objectives.

Write well-stated goals and objectives

Companies with successful CMDB deployments always articulate what to accomplish, their approach, intended business outcomes, and their ongoing measurements of those outcomes.

What	What do you want to accomplish?
How	Define your approach, constraints, and assumptions.
Why	What are the business outcomes that CMDB will support?
Measure	How do you know you're doing it right?

Table 1: A quick way to set goals and objectives

Start by writing a list of use cases to focus your goals. These use cases should directly tie to the strategic initiatives of your company. ServiceNow® customers often start with these:

QUESTIONS YOU'RE ADDRESSING	MAPPED USE CASE	HOW DOES THIS TIE BACK TO CMDB?
An infrastructure component broke in the middle of data center migration. How would this impact services?	Data center migration	Accurate infrastructure configuration and its impact on business services
We need to change something in our data center. How will this affect our business?	Change management	Accurate infrastructure configuration and its impact on business services
Our monitoring tool notified us that a metric has exceeded a threshold that happens to be	Cloud-first strategy	Mapping of cloud services along with on-premises infrastructure

in the cloud. How urgent is this to our business?		
We're spending lots of money on our IT infrastructure. Where are these components deployed and for what business applications?	Asset management	Accurate tracking of infrastructure and applications

Table 2: Questions that customers ask when setting up key use cases tailored to support business initiatives to accelerate goals and objective definitions

Customer example

Table 3 shows you how one customer outlined goals and focused on key business priorities using the Why section.

What	Implement configuration management
How	Executed completely and accurately
	Done with automation
	Satisfies audit and compliance requirements
	Reduces technological complexity
	 Improves planning, coordination, and communication of changes
	 Moves us from application-centric to business-centric
Why	Understand the impact of changes proactively
	Support data center migration
	Enabler to digital transformation
	Support cloud first strategy
Measure	Improved perception of trusted system of record
	Incident reduction

Table 3: A customer example of setting goals and objectives

This document shows more examples of how to effectively set goals and objectives.

EXPERT TIP

Write your goals so they help your organization achieve its strategic initiatives.

Stage 2 – Build a team and a governance model

When you build your configuration management team and governance structure and get early buy-in from executives, it helps create credibility and trust in your configuration management process over the long term.

The team should have autonomy to carry out configuration management responsibilities without being bogged down by daily support functions. This team should operate independently from the day-to-day "keep the lights on" support functions.

With your team in place, define each member's role, responsibilities, and authority. Then document these things to ensure they have the ownership and support to make the changes required.

ROLE	RESPONSIBILITY	TITLE
CM executive sponsor CCB process owner	Oversees configuration management plan implementation in all departments within the company	Senior executive
CM process owner CCB chair	Has ownership and is accountable for its strategic development; Ensures CM plan is rolled out	Senior manager
Configuration manager Full CCB member/guest member	Manages delivery of CM services and documentation of operating procedures	IT manager
CM system analyst Full CCB member/guest member	Performs daily configuration management tasks with minimal direction	IT analyst
CM specialist Full CCB member/guest member	Performs daily configuration management tasks with direction from CM system analyst	IT admin

Table 4: Typical assignments for a configuration management team

Table 4 shows how one ServiceNow customer outlined its team's roles and responsibilities before deploying the CMDB.

To learn more about identifying and assigning roles, read this detailed guide.

Implement governance

As part of this team, ServiceNow customers form a configuration control board (CCB). The CCB serves as a steering committee to make sure there is always a good value proposition for configuration management efforts. The CCB is essential and is there to ensure your configuration management project stays on track, from a value proposition perspective, and remains effective for the company. Voting members of your CCB should be leadership team members who are directly accountable for the strategic initiatives of the IT department and close enough to the day-to-day infrastructure support team efforts to understand the use cases.

For an example of how our customers implement governance through a CCB, take a look at this CCB Charter document.

We've found that the titles and roles of the CM team vary in each company. For instance, the ServiceNow IT infrastructure and operations team uses the RACI matrix (Responsible, Accountable, Consulted, Informed) to manage configuration management tasks. For example, when they publish a new configuration item (CI), each of the four members of the team ensures that updates are made successfully. Both the configuration manager and analyst are accountable and responsible for publishing the new CI; while the CI owner and process owners are informed of this change to ensure all systems are updated and communicated to stakeholders.



USER	CL OWNER	CONFIGURATION ANALYST	CONFIGURATION MANAGER	PROCESS OWNER
Process planning and design				
Produce configuration management plan		С	R	R/A
Define CMDB structure		С	R	R/A
Determine CI selection guidelines		С	R	R/A
Populate CMDB		С	R/A	
Perform initial audit		R	R/A	С
Baseline CMDB		I	R/A	I
Configuration identification				
Validate update request	С	R	R/A	
Validate CI attributes		R	R/A	
Review invalid attributes	С	R	R/A	
Update CMDB	С	R	R/A	
Publish new CI type	1	R	R/A	I
Configuration control				
Validate update request	С		R/A	
Validate CI attributes	I	R/A		
Review invalid attributes	R/A	С		
Update CMDB	1	R/A		
Status accounting and reporting				
Authorize or reject report request	1	R	R/A	
Create or update configuration management report		R	R/A	
Generate configuration management report		R	R/A	
Distribute configuration management report	I	R	R/A	
Verification and audit				
Approve verification and audit request				
Execute audit		R/A		
Reconcile with CMDB		R/A		
Determine corrective action	R/A	I		
Initiate corrective CMDB action		R/A		
Execute corrective action	1	R/A		

R: Responsible, A: Accountable, C: Consulted, I: Informed

Table 5: ServiceNow IT infrastructure and operations team RACI matrix that is used to assign configuration management team tasks

One of our customers clearly documents tasks that require approval from their governance board and those that can be accomplished by the application support team. For instance, application support can modify version, lifecycle, business owner, and relationships. While fields like business criticality, SLA, and operational status (live, retired, etc.) have to go through the board for formal approval. We like this approach since it clearly identifies the responsibilities of the stakeholders.

EXPERT TIP

Create a structured team and a steering committee to keep everyone focused on the goals of keeping a business-driven configuration management plan.

Stage 3 – Design your configuration plan

Start small and grow gradually as you design your CMDB with configuration items.

Take the time to familiarize yourself with the CMDB and its features and functions. Develop an understanding of the design options for the CMDB and the broader ecosystem of federated systems and data feeds.

Your CMDB is populated with configuration items (Cls), which must be classified for you to have a properly managed CMDB. When you start this process, start small and grow gradually. Also make sure that there are no duplicate Cls.

WHAT IS A CI?

A CI is one of the most important components of your CMDB. It's simply an application, infrastructure, or service component you're managing. It can be a physical server, an apprunning on a virtual server, or a business service.

Decide which CI classes and attributes you need to support the use cases you identified in Stage 1. Most organizations start simple and make incremental improvements as they gain experience. From this, you should be able to identify the types of CI classes you will need to manage. You will need to make sure these CI classes are at the appropriate level—as in what level of definition is meaningful to the use cases you identified earlier. As a general recommendation, start with using the CI classes defined out of the box for CIs that can be discovered with the Now Platform®. These CI classes have been vetted by thousands of our customers and should contain all of the attributes your efforts will need.

For example, you might start with a hardware CI class, so you assign some simple attributes: CPU, memory, etc. As you build your CMDB, you'll map computers, servers, routers, switches, and so on. Each of these CIs will have attributes and each one of them will have relationships and dependencies.

Heads up!

Your CI tables can get out of control quickly if you don't simplify them! Keep their names intuitive so they are easy to identify and remember.

OUR CUSTOMERS START BY CLASSIFYING THESE CIS:

- Windows server
- Network router
- Linux server
- Network switch
- Firewall
- Storage
- Load balancer
- Application server
- Database



Figure 1: Example of a table extension model that grows with complexity

One large insurance customer warns that it's easy to add data to the CMDB but harder to maintain the model.

For CI classes that are not discoverable, you might need to extend an out-of-the-box class. Figure 1 depicts how the CMDB uses object-oriented inheritance in the creation of all CI classes.

If you are using ServiceNow Discovery, it will find all the network infrastructure, applications, and services and populate them into the CMDB. Dependency maps let you see where your Cls support a critical service.

For example, the loss of disk drives may take a database instance down, which affects the requisition service the HR department uses to order equipment for new employees. If you are using ServiceNow Discovery or Service Mapping (features in the ITOM Visibility product), the dependencies between discoverable CIs will be built for you automatically as the CMDB is updated by discovery updates. See Figure 2.

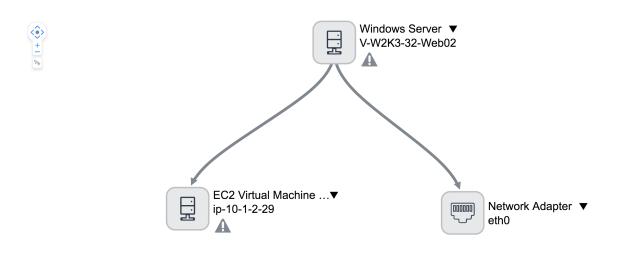


Figure 2: ServiceNow CMDB dependency map

For the logical "business layers" that are not discoverable, you will have to define the relationships between discoverable and non-discoverable CIs comprising your business model.

For each CI class, you will need to make sure the CMDB is configured properly. Use CI Class Manager to configure the rules for each CI class to ensure you have all the necessary information about your CIs in one place. The CMDB stores all the information you want to capture and manage on an ongoing basis and can record relationships between attributes in the CMDB.

In order to manage changes to the CMDB, we recommend setting up configuration control that eliminates the risks of unnecessary tweaks to the Cls. Based on customer implementations, we suggest that you proactively manage Cls and their dependencies when they're added, deleted, and modified. When a business process like incident management requests a change to the Cls, you should:

- 1. Allow change requests via Change Management; you can easily do this using the **Propose**Change feature if have ServiceNow Change Management enabled.
- 2. Assign proper privileges to the authorized users to make changes; normally it's a member of your team such as a CM analyst.
- 3. Validate CI attributes against agreed criteria in your configuration management plan.
- 4. Update the CMDB with the necessary changes and communicate them to stakeholders.

EXPERT TIP

Start by populating your CMDB with a solid inventory of Cls focused on specific use cases. If you find yourself populating with items that do not tie back to your goal or use case, you are off track.

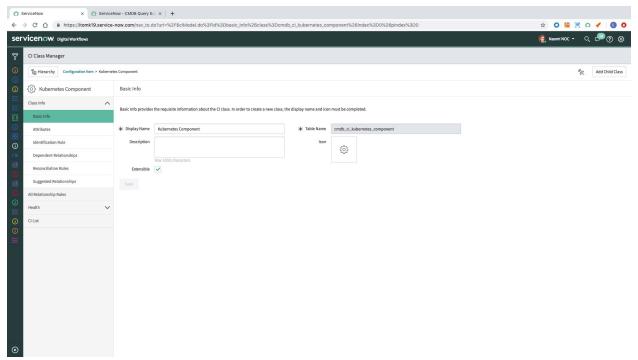


Figure 3: ServiceNow CI Class Manager

You can also use the <u>CMDB Query Builder</u> to apply actions collectively to all of the CIs in a group built by query. The CMDB Query Builder allows you to build complex infrastructure and service queries that span multiple CMDB classes, non-CMDB tables, and that involve many CIs connected by different relationships. The CMDB Query Builder provides a canvas into which you drag the CI classes that you want to include in a query. Then you add relationships, AND/OR operators between the CI classes, and define the relationship properties to query for. You can use saved queries to populate a CMDB group with CIs, and then use scriptable APIs to retrieve the CI list and apply actions collectively to all the CIs in the group.

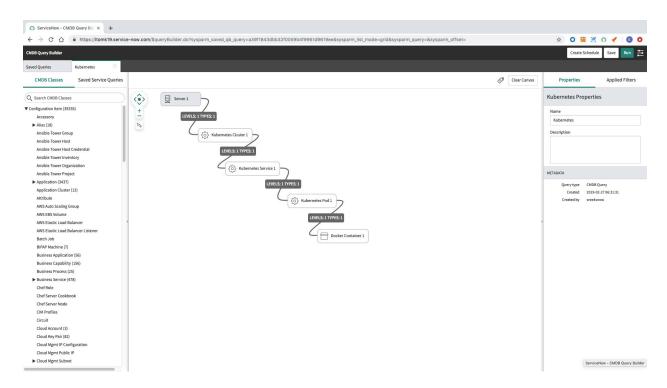


Figure 4: ServiceNow CMDB Query Builder

Stage 4 – Show your CMDB's value to other organizations

When you integrate business processes, tie them back to your goals, and communicate proactively about changes to the CMDB, you make the CMDB a valuable asset to the organization.

You can show value to other organizations by tying back to the goals and objectives you set earlier. The value to others is if you can provide a line of sight from strategic business drivers to the services offered to your customers to the technologies used to deliver your services to the actual operational infrastructure used to the total cost of your services.

Start by integrating with key business processes such as asset management, incident management, etc.

Set clear relationships with the various governance boards and align with business processes from the beginning. You can <u>save \$110,000 per hour</u> or more on service outages when you document your relationship with other governance mechanisms.

Start by mapping the four business processes listed in Table 6 to your configuration management plan.

Remember to practice configuration control that was set up in Stage 3 to ensure you take care of change requests from these business processes.

BUSINESS PROCESS (GOVERNING BOARDS)	WHAT THEY CARE ABOUT	HOW CAN YOU SHOW INSTANT VALUE
Asset management (asset management board)	Complete and up to date financial information about an asset's request, approval, order, and receipt. IT has to track its status, location, and ongoing management.	Get a clear separation of configuraton management versus asset management within your organization. Track an asset status, location, and ongoing management and report to Asset Management Board when asked.
Project management (project/Program management board)	An accurate count of IT infrastructure items when obtaining funding for projects.	Provide with clear visibility of the IT infrastructure, applications, and services.
Information security (security operations board)	Managing data breaches, vulnerabilities, and remediation after security incidents.	Infrastructure dependencies that you provide helps pinpoint critical business processes that should be brought back first.
Incident management (change approval board)	Incident management mapping directly improves the service desk readiness to solve issues faster. This is a crucial integration for ServiceNow customers to track issue resolution.	When this mapping is in place both IT and business partners are on the same page about tracking issues in impacted services, which saves tremendously on remediation time.

Table 6: Four important business process integrations

Communicate using the ServiceNow CMDB dashboard

Using the <u>ServiceNow CMDB dashboard</u>, your stakeholders get status updates and track important changes. In this way, you're able to share the health of the CMDB.

Figure 4 depicts an example CMDB dashboard. You can use the CMDB health dashboard to manage the health of the CMDB and communicate it to business stakeholders.

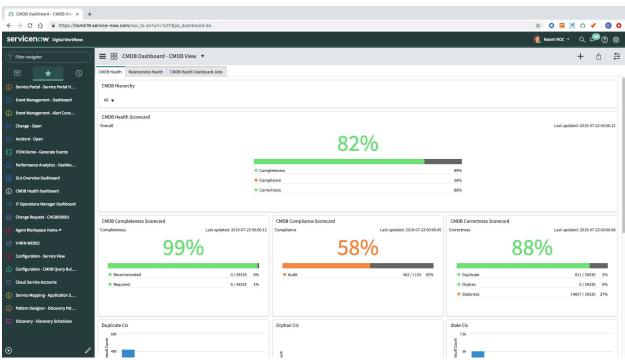


Figure 5: ServiceNow CMDB health dashboard

Use these major metrics to track your CMDB health:

Completeness	Test for required and recommended fields that are not populated
Compliance	Audit the CMDB for its adherence to predefined certificates
Correctness	Test against predefined data integrity rules such as identification rules, orphan CI rules, and stale CI rules

Table 6: CMDB health metrics

Some ServiceNow customers use internal social media channels to share the CMDB dashboard with hundreds of stakeholders who are then able to track changes and resolve inconsistencies or problems quickly. The CMDB dashboard is a great way to track continual improvement and data quality.

The real value in communicating clearly is that both IT and the business can save millions of dollars on unexpected outages and improve remediation when tracking CI changes among these business processes. With the CMDB dashboard, you can show other governing boards how a process has changed and what changes are needed in the configuration management plan.

EXPERT TIP

Clear communication about changes in the configuration management plan to business stakeholders is great for the long-term health of your CMDB.

The takeaway

Managed performance and service health

You can now manage your CMDB health and keep critical services at maximum availability. Be sure to document any critical services in the configuration management system and CMDB that will impact your configuration management plan.

Create a complete set of documents similar to what you create for a software engineering lifecycle.

Treat critical services inside the configuration management system (CMS) as strategic applications for your business. Document the following for every critical service:

- Requirements
- Logical design
- Physical design
- Test plan and test scripts
- Requirements Traceability Matrix
- Data dictionary

ITIL V3 CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The ITIL V3 Configuration Management System is a much broader system that combines many different data repositories.

ServiceNow provides a great way to manage critical business services. But maintaining business service relationships with the underlying infrastructure is a continuous effort. Our customers often use Discovery, Service Mapping, and Event Management to keep the CMDB current and healthy with critical service information.

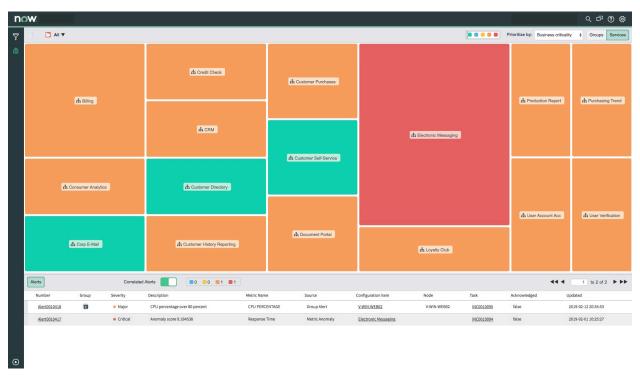


Figure 6: Event Management dashboard: Your journey with Discovery, Service Mapping, and Event Management will give you complete visibility and control of critical business services in the CMDB

EXPERT TIP

With a healthy CMDB, you can manage service health through properly mapped services.

Appendix

Related resources

- CMDB Design Guidance white paper
- Common Services Data Model
- Success Quick Answer—How do I model and manage my services with the Common Services Data Model?

Customer Success Best Practices

ServiceNow's Best Practice Center of Excellence provides prescriptive, actionable advice to help you maximize the value of your ServiceNow investment.



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